

leave to adhering to the rules of evidence, so far as they protect the respondent, I think that it is due to the people of the State and to the court that after such a matter has been brought out in a court that there should be no flinching on the part of the court in relation to the inquiry.

Judge Werner, Republican candidate for chief judge of the Court of Appeals, who voted to override the decision of Judge Cullen. The ruling was sustained by a vote of 32 to 13.

When court opens in the morning Louis A. Sarecky will be called as the first witness for the defense.

GIVE MEXICAN UP TO EXECUTIONERS

Constitutionalists Get Possession of "Conspirator" and Make Short Work.

Nogales, Sonora, October 6.—Gabriel E. Mendoza, a Mexican citizen, but a resident of Nogales, Ariz., who last night was arrested on the Mexican side of the border, was executed here today. The Nogales authorities said they had found letters proving he conspired against the Constitutionalists.

The letters found in Mendoza's possession were said to relate to a plot to kill Governor Carranza, the leader. The assassination was planned to take place here October 4, but when Carranza failed to come at that time, the plot was changed, so he was to have been killed at Hermosillo.

Federal sympathizers at Nogales, Ariz., succeeded in having American authorities inquire into the case, alleging that Mendoza had been arrested on Arizona soil. After an investigation, however, Lieutenant Morrison, of the Fifth United States Cavalry, and Customs Inspector George N. Sayre reported that Mendoza had been taken into custody twenty feet below the international line—Federal adherents then planned to take the case to Washington.

Federal Adverses. Piedras Negras, October 6.—After breaking through the Constitutionalists' lines at Piedras late today, the vanguard of General Maas's Federal army to-night is reported within striking distance of Piedras Negras, Federal capital of the Constitutionalists. It is understood, however, that the immediate occupation of the city will not be attempted.

No details of the engagements at Piedras have been received.

With the report of the approach of the Federalists, a rush was made toward the American side of the border, but because of a rigid quarantine established by the officials of Eagle Pass, Texas, none of the refugees was allowed to cross the international bridge. The United States military authorities protested against the action of the city officials of Eagle Pass in denying the refugees admittance, but without result. It is urged that the prevalence of smallpox in Piedras Negras and near-by settlements makes it necessary to enforcement of quarantine restrictions. All of those refugees already in Eagle Pass who are unable to show a certificate of vaccination are being forced to recross the boundary.

Quick Action Saves Jebson. San Francisco, October 6.—Quick action today was obtained by San Francisco friends of Frederick Jebson, wealthy shipping man of this city, in procuring his release from a military

prison in Guaymas, Mexico. Jebson is a German subject.

His friends this morning were notified by a wireless message from the United States cruiser Maryland that he was in jail. Late in the afternoon a telegram from the German minister at Mexico City announced Jebson's release.

While the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce, of which Jebson is a member, was seeking further information through its representative in Washington, friends of the prisoner importuned Franz Bopp, German consul-general here, to cable to Berlin and telegraph to the German minister at Mexico City, asking for intercession for Jebson. That this move was successful was indicated by the message from the German minister.

According to information here, Jebson was taken into custody September 28. No reason for his arrest is known here.

MISS ZIEGLER LOSES FIGHT

Her Brother Now Will Inherit Entire \$150,000 Estate.

New York, October 6.—Florence Louise Ziegler has lost in her legal fight to secure \$75,000 of the estate of William Ziegler, known as the "baking-powder king," and her brother, William Brandt Ziegler, who is now in the theatrical business in New York, will inherit the entire \$150,000 estate. Surrogate Fowler handed down a decision on Saturday denying Miss Ziegler's petition to have the abrogation of her adoption by the late Mr. Ziegler set aside. This abrogation was made by an order of Surrogate Abner C. Thomas on March 30, 1902. Miss Ziegler stated she was but sixteen years old at that time and unable to know what was best for her future.

Miss Ziegler and her brother were the children of the divorced wife of George Washington Brandt, half-brother of William Ziegler. They were adopted on January 30, 1896.

STIEFF SILVER

Now on Display at THE JEFFERSON

You are invited to call and examine the beautiful showing of Stieff Handwrought Ware, which

Begins TO-DAY

and Continues Daily till

Friday Evening,

October 7 to 10, inclusive, at

The Jefferson

If you like fine silverware you will be pleased with the exquisite designs and the perfect workmanship of the Stieff craftsmen. Stieff Handwrought Ware is the acknowledged standard of quality in silverware.

Don't miss this interesting display.

THE STIEFF COMPANY, Silversmiths

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Factory, 311 West German Street.

Reliable agents can make big money handling The Times-Dispatch--

Virginia's Greatest Newspaper

In towns where it is not already represented.

Write Circulation Department,

The Times-Dispatch, for full particulars.

"Berry's for Clothes"

Here are the winners in the race for style.

Lively patterns for young men--suits at \$22--can't be beaten. They have a "dash and go" that will give 'em first place with men who have the get-there taste.

Overcoats too--just as winning.

And hats and shoes and shirts.

Come and see.

Col. D. D. D.

SAYS CRITICS ARE IGNORANT OF BILL

Representative Glass Attacks Position of Senator Hitchcock on Currency Measure.

"FIGMENT OF IMAGINATION"

Virginia Congressman Delivers Strong Defense and Answer to Objections.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Washington, October 6.—Chairman Carter Glass, of the House Banking and Currency Committee, today made the administration's defense of the currency bill in a vigorous attack on the opposing position taken by Senator Hitchcock, of Nebraska, and answer to the objections to the bill raised by the Nebraska senator.

"The assertion that the bill as it passed the House would rightfully contract commercial credits, even temporarily, is a figment of the imagination," said Mr. Glass. "It has not one particle of basis, and no capable actuary with any regard for his intellectual integrity would report any such conclusion. The actual demonstration made by the House committee in its report on this feature of the bill has not been successfully assailed, and cannot be. Mr. Hitchcock does not even attempt it. He simply asserts as a fact something that absolutely is not a fact, and which he nor any one else can demonstrate to be a fact. The attempt to figure out 'contraction' under the bill was recently made by the bankers of one of the great central reserve cities, but was abandoned because the reputable actuary whose services were engaged reached a conclusion that was neither desired nor anticipated.

"As to the talk of an ultimate period of 'wild inflation,' it is curious to note that Senator Hitchcock, in his plea for delay, finds himself in exact accord with the two Republican members of his committee, who attached their signatures to the bill. The bill providing for a possible inflation of currency to the extent of \$5,000,000,000.

"The intimation of the distinguished Nebraska Senator that he intends to amend the currency bill by compelling regional reserve banks to discount the obligations of member banks, thus stripping the regional reserve banks of their discretion, as I interpret his suggestion, will interest both the scientific student and the practical banker as being a unique idea.

"Would 'Open Trottles Wide.' "One of the most vehement criticisms that the House bill encountered during the entire process of consideration related to the power of the reserve board to require, 'in time of emergency,' and under severe restrictions, one regional reserve bank to rediscunt the prime paper of another regional reserve bank, of which there are to be only twelve. Yet, now, as I understand we have from Mr. Hitchcock, a serious proposal to open the throttle wide, and in the ordinary course of business transactions, compel regional banks indiscriminately to rediscunt paper and to issue currency credits to, perhaps, 10,000 member banks. If this proposal is adopted, it involves this, what is its meaning?

"No feature of the currency bill received greater attention or more serious consideration, and none was more exhaustively discussed, than the provision having to do with the powers of the Federal Reserve Board. These powers do not comprehend, except suggestively, the routine functions of banking. There is but one of these which has not been exercised, fully or approximately, for fifty years by the Secretary of the Treasury or the Comptroller of the Currency, and I imagine Senator Hitchcock will not make any plaster man of his several hundred amendments into this provision of the bill, unless the Senate is prepared to destroy the integrity of the measure at the outset."

The Political Phase. Turning to the political phase of Senator Hitchcock's objection to the Glass-Owen bill, Mr. Glass observed: "The Senator speaks with admirable irreverence when he avows he is 'personally' opposed to ridding the country of the existing inelastic bond secured currency. He could not have said that the Democratic party is opposed, because it has distinctly and repeatedly declared to the contrary. Nor could he have said that the banking or business community of America is opposed for, with a single exception, there has not been a banking expert or business man before the Banking and Currency Committee of the House within the eleven years that I have served as a member of that committee who has not said that this bond-secured system is unscientific and a constant menace to the financial and commercial prosperity of the country."

Mr. Glass said that a prominent witness before the Senate Banking Committee, "a great merchant of the country who had come to Washington to sow the seeds of discord, had charged them with a 'conspiracy' to pass the bill 'a tremendous contraction of commercial credits.' Upon his return to his home, he expressed regret that he had not been better coached, and admitted that he had never read the bill.

Witnesses Without Comprehension. "It will never be known," commented Mr. Glass, "how many other witnesses before the Senate committee were coached or how much testimony of this description crept into the records; but it is perfectly obvious to anybody with an elementary knowledge of the provisions of the House bill, that much of the testimony relating to its details discloses a crudeness and a lack of comprehension that render it utterly worthless. It seems like triding with a great situation."

"The Aldrich bill provided a maturity of only twenty-eight days for commercial paper subject to rediscunt, and the banks of the country swallowed the scheme with a contented cheerfulness that surpassed Mark Tapley's. But when a Democratic House, by a majority of 202 votes, including forty Republicans and Progressives, passes a currency bill extending the period of maturity from twenty-eight days, as provided in the Aldrich bill, to ninety days, witnesses are rushed to Washington to 'sow the seeds of discontent' by telling the Senate committee that the banks cannot operate under the House bill.

Democratic Senator Busy. "And we find a Democratic Senator, busy in the newspapers, persisting that he and his two Republican colleagues, who recommended a twenty-eight-day limit, must be given further time to hear testimony of this description."

Mr. Glass concluded his statement with a declaration that he was making defense of his bill against a newspaper propaganda of opposition started by Senator Hitchcock. He issued a

IB

Why Cassidy makes good

You have heard of Cassidy. He is a bookkeeper. He makes good. Here's why.

He uses an L. B. card ledger—not a book ledger.

He works in comfort, sitting down at an L. B. card record desk, not uncomfortably, standing up, or perched on a high stool.

In half the time it takes to find the page in any other kind of ledger, he finds the individual account card on which he is to post.

He places the card—so—right in front of him, alongside the record he is posting from. That lessens the likelihood of mistakes. He writes on a flat surface, not on a rounded one.

His desk can house as many as 15,000 accounts—every one of them at his finger tips.

Cassidy cannot do twice as much work as he used to do. But he can do 50% more. If he could do only 20% more, the L. B. Ledger equipment desk would be worth while.

Let us show YOU one of these desks filled with cards. Let us prove to you that it will do for you what it is doing for Cassidy. Let us send you a booklet describing it.

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Manufacturing distributors of Card and filing systems. Office, library and bank equipment. Unit card and filing cabinets in wood and steel.

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PRESIDENT FIRM FOR BANKING BILL AT THIS SESSION

(Continued From First Page.)

Pomerene, Hollis and Shafroth—are determined to be willing to start work at once on the bill itself.

OPPOSE SOME FEATURES

American Bankers' Association Criticizes Currency Measure.

Boston, Mass., October 6.—Opposition to certain features of the Glass bill, which provides for a reform in the national currency and banking system, today was voiced at a special conference of over 700 country bankers attending the thirty-ninth annual convention of the American Bankers' Association here. That a new banking system was needed was admitted, and

the administration was commended for trying to pass one.

In resolutions adopted, almost unanimously, these bankers declared that unless the Glass bill, or Federal reserve act, is amended along lines proposed by them to-day, "very few country banks, either State or national, can afford to become members of the new Federal system."

This means, the declarations assert, "that the great majority of country national banks must surrender their charters or retire from business."

By country banks, it was explained, was meant banks operating under either State or national charters, whose capital is not less than \$25,000 nor more than \$250,000. The resolutions object, among other things, to the "segregation of savings deposits, and the setting aside of separate capital, and the creation of two banks under the same management and under one roof."

The exchange and savings sections of the bill, the resolutions add, would make most of the country banks show net operating losses.

Several meetings preliminary to the formal opening of the convention on Wednesday were held to-day. The total number of convention visitors reached nearly 2,500. At a session of the finance committee, the association was shown to be in its best condition financially in four years, with a cash balance of about \$185,000.

KING'S ILLNESS SERIOUS

Crown Prince Appointed Temporary Regent of the Throne.

Copenhagen, Denmark, October 6.—The illness of King Gustavus took a serious turn for the worst, and the crown prince has been appointed temporary regent of the throne.

The crown prince will cancel his trip to London. One of the physicians attending the King said that the malady from which the monarch is

THE WEATHER

Forecast: Virginia—Fair in west; probably rain in east portion Tuesday; Wednesday, unsettled.

Special Local Data for Yesterday.

2 P. M. temperature..... 75

3 P. M. temperature..... 77

Maximum temperature up to 8..... 79

Minimum temperature up to 8..... 75

P. M. temperature..... 66

Mean temperature..... 66

Normal temperature..... 66

Excess in temperature..... 2

Deficiency in temperature since..... 5

March 1..... 5

Accumulated excess in temperature since January 1..... 267

Deficiency in rainfall since March 1..... 1.00

Accumulated deficiency in rainfall since January 1..... 3.05

Local Observation 8 P. M. Yesterday.

Temperature..... 66

Humidity..... 80

Wind—direction..... N.E.

Wind—velocity..... 6

Weather..... P. cloudy

CONDITIONS IN IMPORTANT CITIES.

(At 8 P. M. Eastern Standard Time.)

Place. Ther. H.T. L.T. Weather

Asheville..... 66 80 52 Clear

Atlanta..... 68 70 54 Clear

Atlantic City..... 64 64 62 Clear

Boston..... 58 60 58 Rain

Buffalo..... 78 64 Clear

Calgary..... 40 44 16 Clear

Charleston..... 72 82 64 Clear

Chicago..... 46 50 40 Cloudy

Denver..... 48 50 38 Clear

Duluth..... 44 50 44 Cloudy

El Paso..... 84 76 68 Clear

Hartford..... 38 38 22 Cloudy

Havana..... 74 84 64 Clear

Jacksonville..... 74 84 64 Clear

Kansas City..... 78 84 66 Cloudy

Louisville..... 78 84 66 Clear

Montgomery..... 78 86 66 P. cloudy

New Orleans..... 74 86 74 Cloudy

New York..... 66 70 64 Cloudy

Norfolk..... 64 68 64 Rain

Oklahoma..... 84 70 P. cloudy

Pittsburgh..... 70 74 64 Clear

Raleigh..... 72 80 58 Clear

St. Louis..... 76 82 62 Clear

St. Paul..... 64 78 62 Clear

San Francisco..... 68 64 P. cloudy

Savannah..... 74 84 64 P. cloudy

Spokane..... 46 50 40 Cloudy

Tampa..... 75 84 68 Clear

Wash., D. C..... 68 78 58 Clear

Wilmington..... 38 40 38 Rain

Wytheville..... 64 80 50 Cloudy

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

October 7, 1913.

Sun rises..... 6:11

Sun sets..... 5:45

Morning..... 11:35

Evening..... 12:20

STATE FAIR

Visitors who are interested in Artistic Photographs are cordially invited to inspect portraits on exhibition in our studio.

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A Cordial Greeting and A Hearty Welcome Awaits Every State Fair Visitor At Our Store

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work with the Pullman Car Company in New Orleans, and later was manager of the Bell Telephone system at Kansas City. From 1887 to 1890 he managed street railways. In 1895 he constructed the street railway system and managed the street railway system there. In 1900 he came here and organized a syndicate, which bought the two street railways and consolidated them, making them until he resigned last summer. He also purchased for his syndicate the railway systems at Roanoke, and Montgomery, Ala., and at the time of his death was a director of the American Railway company.

Mr. Apperson was an Episcopalian, and his wife and three children survive. His children are: Mrs. G. O. Lee and Mrs. Cary Barker, of Lynchburg, and Richard Apperson, Jr., who with his mother, was present to-day at his death. It is expected that the body will be brought here for burial.

Funeral of Captain Balthis. [Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Staunton, Va., October 6.—The body of Captain William L. Balthis, eighty-three years of age, who reached Staunton for burial from Gastonia, N. C., where he died. His home was in Baltimore. He was formerly Mayor of Staunton, and commanded the Staunton Artillery, Stonewall Brigade, in many of the hardest-fought battles of the Civil War. He is survived by two sons and three daughters.

Mrs. Alice I. Oliver. [Special to The Times-Dispatch.] King and Queen Courthouse, Va., October 6.—Mrs. Alice I. Oliver, wife of John L. Oliver, one of the most prominent citizens of King and Queen County, died at her home Sunday night after an illness of nearly four years. Mrs. Oliver was a woman of many lovely traits of character, a devoted Christian, and a devoted mother. She was married since early girlhood, devoted wife and mother. Besides her husband, she leaves the following children: Mrs. E. H. Peay and J. L. Oliver, Jr., of Richmond; Mrs. S. J. Dier, of New York; Mrs. L. M. Oliver, of Alexandria; and a brother, Avis Sneed, of Old Dominion, Nelson County, Va.

Funeral of Mrs. Rhodes. Charlottesville, Va., October 6.—The funeral of Mrs. Charles L. Rhodes, who died yesterday at the Martha Jefferson Hospital, this city, following an operation, took place to-day in the Methodist Church at Albemarle, in the southern part of the county. The service being conducted by the Rev. T. O. Edwards, of Scottsville. Her husband and five children survive. The children are Emmett V. Rhodes, Mrs. E. L. Coles and Miss Evalina Rhodes, of Albemarle; Mrs. J. L. Thomas of South Bethlehem, Pa.; and Eugene Rhodes, of Hickory Hill, Va. She also leaves a sister, Mrs. Lena Leake, of Gordonsville, and a brother, Avis Sneed, of Old Dominion, Nelson County, Va.

Night Train From Fair

October 9—R., F. & P.

To enable visitors from points on their line to view the grand fireworks display at the State Fair and return home same night, R., F. & P. R. R. have arranged to operate a special train leaving Elba Station 11:30 P. M. Thursday, October 9, for Fredericksburg and all intermediate points. A great many people will doubtless take advantage of this opportunity to see the many attractive and novel features offered by the Fair at night. (Advertisement.)

A RANGE-ON WHICH DAUGHTER CAN COMPETE WITH MOTHER

If a Range is Judged by the Work it Does The Princess Rules the Kitchen.

Meals on time, at less cost, in more comfort, are some of the PRINCESS' features. Look for this name.

ALLEN'S PRINCESS

COPPER-BEARING IRON RANGES

It means that there is no better Range on earth in any particular, while patented features found nowhere else, doubles its value to you.

Note these features. Material—copper bearing iron. Retains heat. Maintains even temperature. Cooks evenly. Less fuel. More durable. Absolutely dependable.

Some real facts. Princess kitchen is a cool kitchen. Ashes in the oven impossible. Triple bottom. No heated pipe in sight. Handy warming closet. Instant hot water.

"Ask the cook."

If your dealer hasn't a PRINCESS, write us.

Allen Manufacturing Company,

Nashville, Tenn.

suffering is far more serious than early reports indicated. His Majesty will be forced to take a prolonged rest, and will not be allowed to transact even minor affairs of state while in his present condition.

OBITUARY

Mrs. Thomas E. Etheridge. [Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Portsmouth, Va., October 6.—Mrs. Virginia Frances Etheridge, wife of Thomas E. Etheridge, died suddenly at 10:30 o'clock on Saturday morning at home, 416 Nelson Street, at the age of fifty-one years. The funeral services were held at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon at the residence, the Rev. B. K. Mason, pastor of the Fourth Street Baptist Church, officiating. The interment was in Oak Grove Cemetery.

Mrs. Etheridge is survived by the following children: Misses Virginia and Katherine Knight, Mrs. Leola Perry, Charles Knight and William Knight, of St. Louis. Two sisters also survive. They are Miss Annie Grey and Mrs. Viola Anderson.

John B. Gunter. [Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Staunton, Va., October 6.—John B. Gunter, a business man of Staunton, of wide acquaintance and property, died at Staunton, Mr. Gunter was a native of Ohio, and served through the Civil War in the Union army. After the war he made his home in Richmond, and later in Staunton.

Funeral of John A. Young. [Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Greensboro, N. C., October 6.—The funeral of John A. Young, who died here Saturday night at the home of his sister on West Lee Street, was held from the late residence this morning at 11 o'clock, conducted by Rev. J. Clyde Turner, of the First Baptist Church